



Situation Report: Confirmed COVID-19		Location: The Gambia	
Date of Report: 12th April 2021		Investigation Start Date: 17th March 2020 as of 18hrs.	
Prepared by:	Epidemiology and Disease Control Unit, MoH, The Gambia		

I. HIGHLIGHTS

This is the **293rd** national situation report since the confirmation of the first case of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) in The Gambia, on the **16th March 2020**

- **2** new COVID-19-related deaths registered, bringing the total number of deaths since **March 2020** to **170**
- 0 Decedents are **62 & 67** years old man and woman respectively, admitted in one of the COVID-19 treatment centres
- **80** new cases registered taking the total number of COVID-19 cases ever confirmed in the country to **5,682**
 - **22,32,7 & 19** new cases were reported on the **9th,10th,11th & 12th April** respectively
 - **81%** of these tested for reasons of travelling and **21%** being ill seeking health due to suspicion of COVID-19
 - The median age of the new cases (**26** female and **54** male) is **36.5 (Range: 5 to 74)** years)
- A total of **1236** new laboratory tests results received (from MRCG and **771** from NPHL)
 - Of these, **80** new samples tested positive, representing a **6.5%** test positivity rate
- **20** high-risk contacts [of recently confirmed cases] were identified
- **4** COVID-19 patients were newly discharged from treatment centres, while **16** got discharged at least **10** days from the day they tested positive but evaded institutional isolation
- **3** COVID-19 patients are currently on oxygen therapy
- The country currently has no one in hotel quarantine, **347** active cases and a crude case-fatality ratio of **3%**
- **16630** people have been vaccinated against COVID-19 as of 9th April 2021
- **174** Rapid diagnostic tests conducted at the Airport for travelers coming into The Gambia
- Gambian philanthropist and businessman have helped in improving the internet problem at National Public Health Laboratory (NPHL)

COVID-19 SITUATION IN NUMBERS

Globally

- Confirmed Cases: **136,742,411**
- Recoveries: **109,974,382**
- Deaths: **2,951,428**

Senegal

- Confirmed Cases: **39,465**
- Recoveries: **38,215**
- Deaths: **1,079**

The Gambia

- Confirmed Cases: **5,682**
- Recoveries: **5,165**
- Deaths: **170**

II. EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION

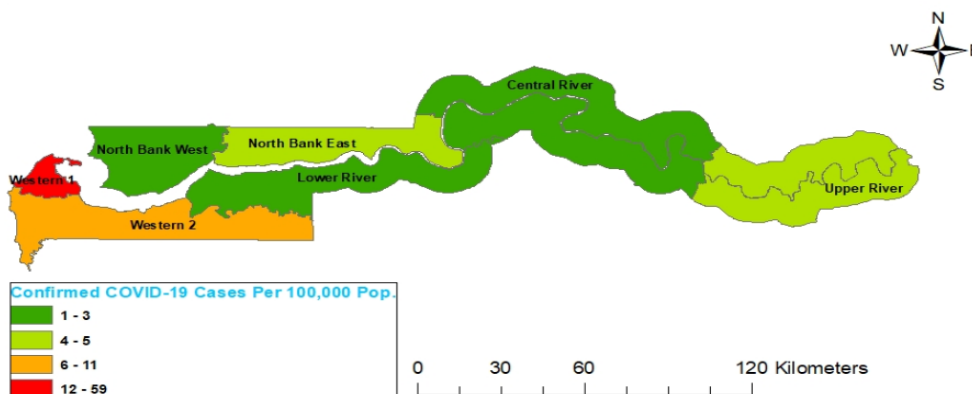


Fig 1: Geographic Distribution Of Recent COVID-19 Cases Per 100,000 Pop.by Region, 15th Feb-16th March, 2021

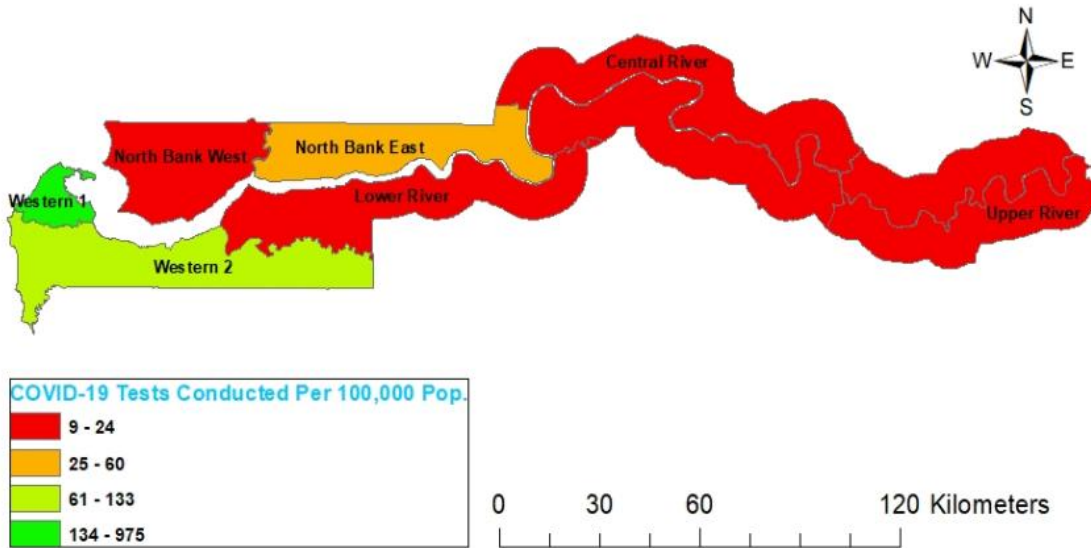


Fig 2: Geographic Distribution of Recent Tests Conducted Per 100,000 Pop. by Region, Feb 15-March 16, 2021

- Western 1 Health Region has a disproportionately higher number of cases than all the health regions (See Fig. 1)
- Despite being far-flung from current testing sites, North Bank East has sent in more samples per 100,000 population than all other regions in the hinterland, over the last 30 days (See Fig. 2)

Table 1: Summary of COVID-19 tests conducted, The Gambia, 9th - 12th April 2021

Date	Positive	Negative	Inconclusive	Test Positivity
9/4/2021	22	433	1	5.3
10/4/2021	32	412	0	7.2
14/2021	7	178	0	3.9
12/4/2021	19	131	1	2.7

Figures 3 and 4 are the age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by reported date, respectively age-sex distribution and the Epi-curve of confirmed cases by reported date, respectively.

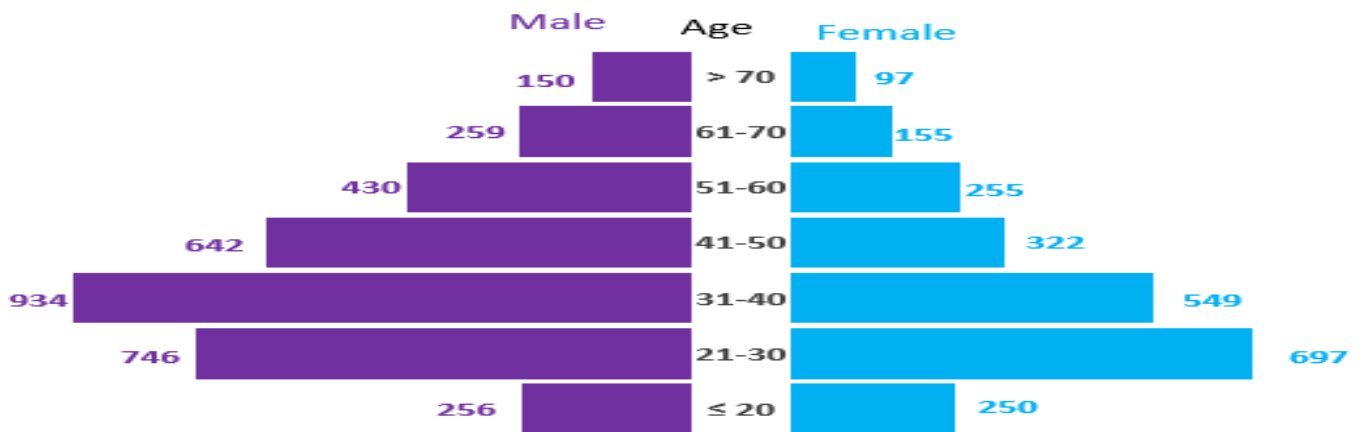


Fig 3: Age-Sex Distribution of Confirmed COVID-19 Cases, The Gambia, 2021

* This excludes the 27 confirmed cases whose demographic information are not yet available

About 59% of the confirmed cases are males (See Fig. 3)

About 62% of the confirmed cases are below age 40(see Fig.3)

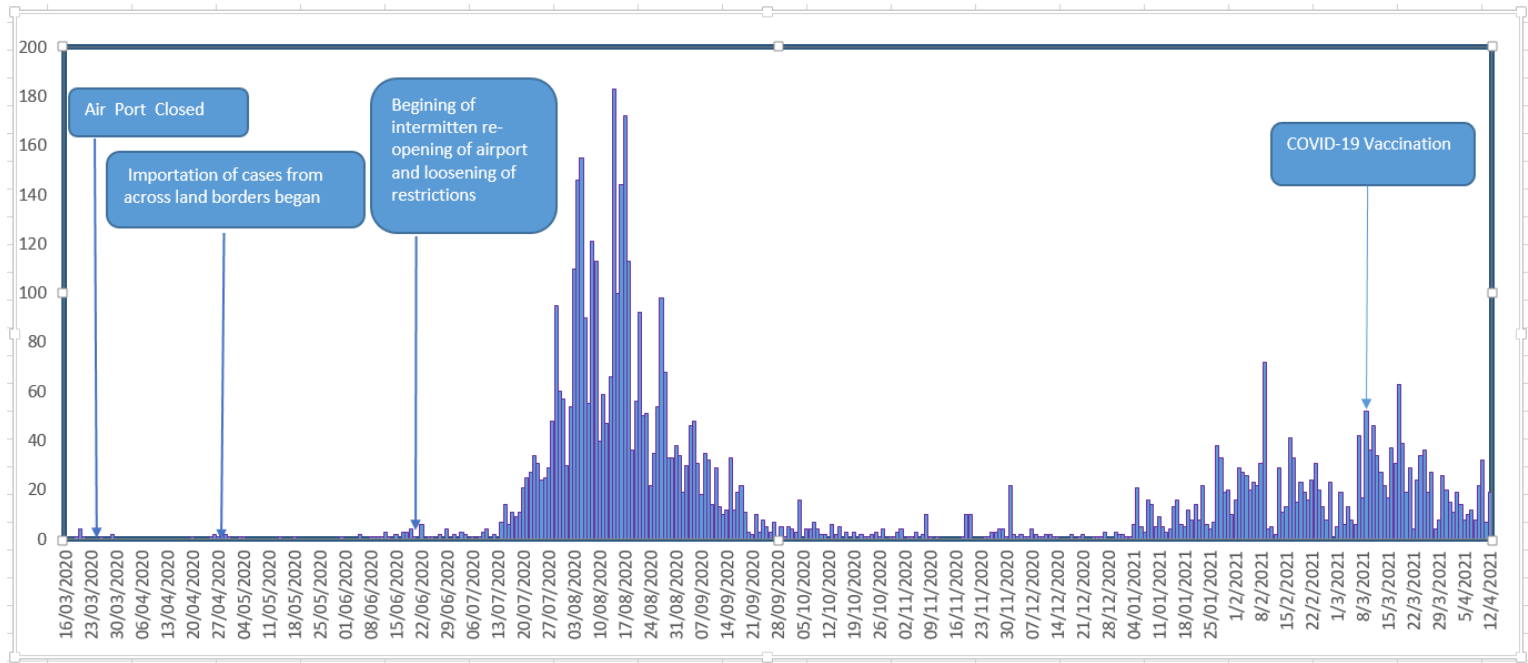


Fig. 4: Epidemic Curve of Laboratory-Confirmed Cases by Date Reported, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021*.

A considerable amount of time elapsed between date of reporting and the date of laboratory confirmation of some cases

- Three main waves of infection occurred – the pre airport closure wave, the importation from Senegal wave and the intermittent airport re-opening and loosening of restrictions wave (See Fig. 4)

Status	New	Cumulative
No. of active cases in institutional isolation		40
No. of COVID-19 patients on oxygen support		3
No. of patients recovered and discharged		
In Hotel Quarantine	0	0
Completed Hotel Quarantine	0	5,231
Completed follow-up (asymptomatic people with travel history to affected countries) *	0	310
No. of Contact(s) Identified**	20	
No. of Contacts being monitored	72	
No. of Contacts who completed 14-day follow-up	41	16,711
No. of Contacts lost to follow-up	0	51
Total Tests conducted (Repeat Test (s))***	1236(0)***	60,533
Positive test result (Repeat Test (s))	80(0)	5,682
Negative test result (Repeat Test (s))***	1154(0)***	53,807
Inconclusive test result (Repeat Test (s))***	2(0)***	

Table 1: Summary of New and Cumulative Public Health Response Outputs, COVID-19 Pandemic, The Gambia, 2021

* Follow-up completed prior to the 17th March (when the first confirmed case was reported)

** Includes both low-risk and high-risk contacts and not mutually exclusive with number quarantined (as some have been quarantined) *** Includes repeat tests in bracket

III. Major Response Activities

COVID-19 RISK COMMUNICATION AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT DAILY REPORT- 12/4/21

Total No. of Calls received on toll free helpline	No. of communities reached on COVID-19 through messaging on prevention and access to services	Toll Free Helpline: No. of people shared their concerns and asking questions/clarifications for available support services to address their needs	Radio phoning programme: No. of people shared their concerns and asking questions/clarifications for available support services to address their needs	TV phoning programme: No. of people shared their concerns and asking questions/clarifications for available support services to address their needs	Social Media pages: No. of people react to post and or shared their concerns and asking questions/clarifications for available support services to address their needs
84	71	84	15	0	445

Component	Interventions
Coordination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Coordination meetings held at both central and regional levels</i> • <i>Gambian philanthropist and businessman have helped in improving the internet problem at National Public Health Laboratory(NPHL)</i>
Surveillance/ Laboratory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>A total of 1236 new laboratory test results received 39 from MRCG and 1197 from NPHL)</i> • <i>Of these, 2 test results returned inconclusive or indeterminate, 59 new samples tested positive</i>
Case Management / Psychosocial Support & Research / IPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>2 new COVID-19 related death recorded</i> • <i>4 patients were newly discharged from treatment centres</i> • <i>3 COVID-19 patients currently on oxygen therapy</i>

Table 2: Major response activities undertaken newly, COVID-19 Outbreak, The Gambia, 2021

THE GAMBIA COVID19 VACCINATION DAILY REPORTING							
Dose 1							
Target Group	Fixed		Outreach/Mobile		Total	AEFI	
	Male	Female	Male	Female		MILD	SEVERE
Health Care workers	3018	2357	196	145	5716	0	3
People with pre-existing conditions	982	1119	172	145	2418	1	0
Community workers	2525	1787	381	171	4864	0	0
65 years and above	1156	1138	332	221	2847	0	0
Teacher	38	32	47	12	129	0	0
Hoteliers	327	149	0	0	476	0	0
Security forces	54	30	84	12	180	0	0
Total Cov-1	8100	6612	1212	706	16630	1	3

Table 3: Total National vaccinated with COVISHIELD (AstraZeneca Vaccine) by priority group as of 7th April 2021

IV. GAPS/CHALLENGES:

- High site-specific test positivity rate registered at the Basse COVID-19 testing site
- CBS activities not translating to increase in the number of daily tests being conducted
- Support for innovative countrywide risk communication strategies and activities on COVID-19 is suboptimal
- Security lapses at some of the treatment centers resulting in the abscondence of patients
- Dwindling compliance with mask-wearing requirements
- Low turn-out at COVID-19 sample collection sites resulting in fewer number of daily tests
- Denial, misinformation, stigma and discrimination against COVID-19 affected families.
- Weak and unreliable internet connection at the NPHL is hampering the implementation of e-surveillance at the laboratory.
- Inadequate fuel for the implementation of the vaccination campaign.
- Inadequate electronic devices and internet bundles for capturing vaccination data at vaccination sites

V. NEXT STEPS/RECOMMENDATIONS:

- More tests required in the catchment area of the MRC Basse testing site to ascertain the extent of spread of COVID-19
- CBS activities need to be synchronized with MRC's ILI surveillance to spur up testing rates in the hinterland
- Expedite the process of having testing sites in CRR and NBW
- Intensify risk communication and community engagement activities, on COVID-19 at community level, including at LUMOS, in a bid to curtail community transmission and dispel misinformation and denial
- More tests required in the catchment area of the MRC Keneba testing site to ascertain the extent of spread of COVID-19
- Security needs to be beefed up at all COVID-19 treatment/isolation centers to prevent the abscondence of patients
- Strengthen community-based surveillance in order to increase awareness and testing rates
- Thorough enforcement of the mandatory mask-wearing regulation
- IPC measures should be strictly adhered to in all public and private health healthcare facilities
- Provision of adequate stocks of PPEs to all health facilities
- Health workers to observe all COVID-19 preventive measures including the donning of appropriate PPEs at all times
- Stakeholders/partners to support in filling the gaps identified in the vaccination campaign process

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PARTNERS

